Nomination of non-official numbers on Committees/Boards in Ministry of Induatry

2332 SHRI SUBRAMANIAN SWA MY: Will the PRIME MINISTER be pleased to state:

(a) the names of.the various committees and/or Boards at various levels and in the various public sector organisations under the Ministry in which non-official members from the public are nominated or elected to represent various interests;

(.1) the number of these Committees and Boards which have been constituted and the names and addresses of the members on each of these Committees;

(c) what is the present tenure of each of the Committees that have been consti tuted; and

(d) when the other Committees that have not been constituted are likely to be constituted ?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF INDUSTRY (DEPARTMENT OF INDUSTRIAL DEVELOPMENT) (SHRIMATI KRISHNA SAHI): (a) to (d) The information is being collected and a Statement will be laid on the Table of the House.

Indstriai Development in Tamil Nadu

2333. SHRI PASUMPON THA. KIRUTTINAN: Will the PRIME MINISTER be pleased to state:

(a) the progress of industrial development in Tamil Nadu especially in backward regions achieved during 1990-91, 1991-92 and upto June 1992;

(b) whether it is a fact that the pace of development in the State was very slow;

(c) if so, the reasons therefor;" and

(d) the steps taken/proposed to be taken for rapid development during the next two years?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF INDUSTRY (DEPARTMENT OF INDUSTRIAL DEVELOPMENT) (SHRIMATI KRISHNA SAHI): (a) and (b) As per the latest information available from BASIC INDUSTRIAL STATISTICS—TAMIL NADU, 1990, rate of growth of industrial production in Tamil Nadu was 6.1 per cent in the calendar year 1990 and 5 per cent during Jan-r nary-March, 1991. During the same period, the overall growth rate of industrial production in. the country was 11 per cent and 6.2 per cent respectively. Statistics regarding industrial production of the State is being collected by the State Government.

(c) Reasons for the slow rate of growth in Tamil Nadu can be attributed to in-frastructural constraints, inadequate availability of raw materials due to balance of payment constraints, credit squeeze, lack of demand in some sectors etc.,

(d) Substantial liberalisation in the Licensing Policy was announced by the Government of India in July, 1991. Industrial Licensing has been abolished for all industries except certain specified industries. Govt, of Tamil Nadu has also been implementing a package of incentives which consists of capital subsidy linked to investment in industrially backward areas and sales tax waiver and deferral. A spe_ cial investment subsidy is also given to selected category of industries irrespective of location. Incentives are available for expansion and diversification in addition to new industries. Under the Growth Centre Scheme of Central Government, Tamil Nadu has been allotted three growth centres.

Change in Government, Policy regarding disinvestment in PSUs

2334. SHRI S.K.T. RAMACHANDRAN: Will the PRIME MINITER be pleased to state:

(a) whether there is any change in Government's proposal to select more public sector units other than the 31 PSU* already selected for disinvestment, if so, detailg thereof;

(b) whether there is any change in the proposal to offer part of the PSUB equity varying from 5 per cent to 20 per cent